

Plant-based Packaging: Understanding the Opportunities and Challenges Jessica Bowman Plant Based Products Council

Sustainable Packaging Symposium July 2, 2020





- Launched in January 2019; 95 members and growing
- Represents companies who are committed to advocating for a shift toward a more circular economy through greater adoption of plant-based materials in consumer products and packaging
- All links in the plant-based product supply chain represented, from feedstock suppliers to users and retailers
- Supported by Advisory Board of leading environmental organizations, academics, and NGOs





Products derived from nature – renewable plant-based material and organic waste matter



Benefits of Plant-based Materials

- Less reliance on petroleum-based materials
- Advancing a circular economy
- Variety of end-of life options and performance characteristics
- Environmental benefits:





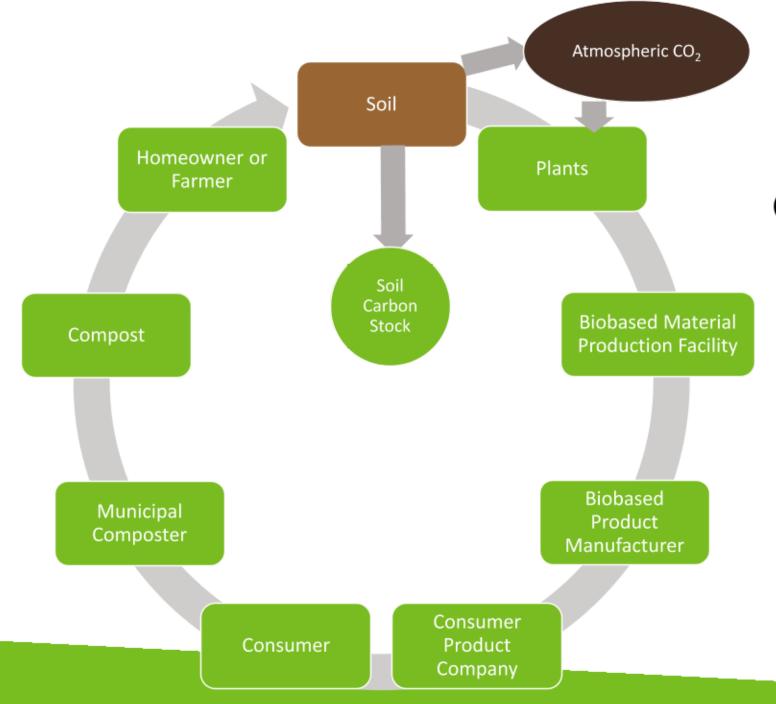
Soil Health



Greenhouse
Gas Emissions



Water Quality



Plant-based Products in the Circular Economy

> Example: Compostable Bioplastics



Photo: stonyfield.com

Bioplastics Used in Packaging

- Almost 400 million tons of plastic produced annually
- About 2.3 million tons of bioplastic produced annually
- About 53% of bioplastic is used in packaging (rigid and flexible)
- Plant-based bioplastics mainly derived from corn and sugarcane
- Common plant-based bioplastics used in rigid and flexible packaging:
 - Starch Blends
 - Bio-PET
 - Bio-PE
 - PLA



Example Uses of Plant-based Packaging



PSI



TIPA



Trends in Plant-based Products





Serviceware

 Compostable cups and utensils (almost 200 different biobased serviceware items certified as USDA Biobased products)



Films

Film for shipping bags, garbage bags, or produce wrapping film



Beverage Packaging

- Bio-based PET
- Examples:
- ✓ PepsiCo and the NaturALL Bottle Alliance developing bio-based PET beverage bottles
- ✓ CocaCola's PlantBottle® is partial bio-based PET



Textiles

 Plant-based fibers (e.g., Reebok's plant-based running shoe)



The move toward plant-based products PBP Products

Three powerful trends are converging to drive and accelerate the movement toward plant-based products:



Environmental Benefits



Consumer Trends



Corporate Pledges

Environmental Benefits



Municipal Waste



Soil Health



Greenhouse Gas Emissions



Water Quality



U.S. Municipal Waste Crisis



- 267.8 million tons of MSW/year
- 139 million tons to landfill
 - 30 million tons of food waste
 - 26 million tons of plastic
- Less than 10% of plastic has been recycled
- By 2050, plastic waste in the ocean will outweigh fish



Addressing the Waste Crisis

- Over 60% of plastics used for packaging today could be replaced by bioplastic
- Many bioplastics are compostable
- Compostable food packaging and food serviceware presents an opportunity to support diversion of those materials and accompanying food waste to compost



Reduced Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Starting with the feedstock...

- 45% of global greenhouse gas emissions are associated with making products
- ✓ Plant-based materials use renewable feedstocks that pull CO₂ from the atmosphere
- The use of biobased alternatives to petroleum-based products in 2016 reduced the total GHG emissions of these products by up to 12.7 million metric tons of CO₂e.*
- Example:

Global Warming Potential; Cradle-to-Polymer Factor-Gate#

NatureWorks Ingeo™: 0.6 CO₂eq/kg Polyethylene Terephthalate (PET): 2.7 CO₂eq/kg

^{*} Daystar, Jesse et. al. An Economic Impact Analysis of the U.S. Biobased Products Industry. United States Department of Agriculture BioPreferred® Program (2019) pp. xi.

[#] Davies, Steve, and Vink, Erwin. *Life Cycle Inventory and Impact Assessment Data for 2014 Ingeo™ Polylactide Production*. Industrial Biotechnology. Vol. 11. No. 3. (2015).

Reduced Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Ending with end-of-life:

- Landfills are the third largest source of human-related methane (CH₄) emissions
 - Total landfill CH₄ is equivalent to emitting 107.7 million metric tons of carbon dioxide or 247 million barrels of oil
 - 30 million tons of food waste
- In 2017, only 2.6 million tons of food waste was composted (6.3% of total food waste generated).
- Increased use of compostable food packaging and food service ware presents opportunity to divert those products and food waste to compost.



Improved Soil Health



- The FAO estimates that about one third of global soils are moderately or highly degraded
- The incorporation of compost in soil helps improve soil carbon sequestration, water retention, water infiltration, as well as many other positive benefits







Positive benefits of plant-based materials to water quality are two-fold:

- Resulting compost improves soil physical characteristics that prevent nutrient runoff into waterways
- The option to compost or biodegrade waste ideally prevents plant-based materials from entering or lingering in bodies of water

Consumer Trends

Millennials: Drivers of Food Industry



- Millennials represent roughly 1/4 of the American population
- With roughly \$20 billion to spend, Millennials are the living generation with the most spending power



2020 Polling



- 93% of Millennials are favorable of products and packaging made from plants
- 84% of all consumers would consider buying products and packaging made from plants
- 40% of Millennials are familiar with products and packaging made from plants

Corporate Pledges



Corporate Pledges

- Every one of the 25 largest consumer product companies in the world have committed to increasing recyclable content, minimizing packaging, or reusing material.
- 80% of those companies have pledged to produce fully recyclable, reusable, or compostable packaging by 2030 at the latest.



Corporate Packaging Goals - Examples PBP Criotic Bosed Products Council

Company	Goal
PepsiCo	By 2025, 100% recyclable, compostable or biodegradable packaging
Unilever	By 2025, 100% of plastic packaging designed to be reusable, recyclable or compostable
Nestlé	100% recyclable or re-usable packaging by 2025
Mattel	100% recycled, recyclable or bio-based plastics materials in both its products and packaging by 2030
Kellogg	100% reusable, recyclable or compostable packaging by the end of 2025
SC Johnson	100% of plastic packaging can be easily and safely reused, recycled or composted by 2025

Considerations and Challenges

Additional Considerations

- Does not compromise food availability or require a significant amount of agricultural land to grow.
 - 0.05% of the world's arable land is used to produce plant-based plastics.
 - With current market trends, will only increase to ~0.07% by 2024.
 - Large diversity of plant-based feedstocks.
 - Some products are derived from non-edible plants/plant parts or ag residue.
- Employment of sustainable management practices such as no-till and cover cropping reinforce the positive environmental merits of the industry.
- Check for certifications (e.g., USDA BioPreferred, bluesign)



Challenges to Plant-based Products

Cost

Concerns about Performance

Education/Awareness

Waste Disposal Habits

Infrastructure Needs



Questions?

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